UBEC300-18GH40-SE2-2M-Y274491



Model Number

UBEC300-18GH40-SE2-2M-Y274491

Features

- Chemically highly resistant
- Short design, 40 mm
- Stainless steel housing
- PTFE connection cable
- · Switch output
- Program input

Diagrams

Characteristic response curve

Distance Y [mm]





General specifications Sensing range Standard target plate Transducer frequency Electrical specifications Operating voltage U_B No-load supply current I₀ Input Input type

Output

Output type Rated operating current I_e Voltage drop U_d Switch-on delay t_{on} Switching frequency f **Ambient conditions** Ambient temperature Storage temperature **Mechanical specifications** Degree of protection Connection Material

Housing

Transducer

- Mass Compliance with standards and directives Standard conformity
- Standards

Approvals and certificates UL approval

CSA approval CCC approval

Dimensions

100 ... 300 mm 100 mm x 100 mm approx. 255 kHz

10 ... 30 V DC , ripple 10 $\%_{SS}$ \leq 20 mA

1 program input [receiver] switch point 1: -U_B ... +1 V, switch point 2: +6 V ... +U_B input impedance: > 4.7 k\Omega pulse duration: > 1 s 1 test input [emitter] emitter deactivated: +6 V ... +U_B input impedance: > 4.7 k\Omega

PNP, NO 200 mA , short-circuit/overload protected ≤ 3 V < 5 ms ≤ 100 Hz

-25 ... 70 °C (-13 ... 158 °F) -40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F)

IP68 / IP69K cable, PTFE coated, 2 m length

Stainless steel 1.4404 / AISI 316L O-ring for cover sealing: FFKM O-romg for cable sealing: FFKM, FEP coated PTFE (diaphragm surface) 220 g

EN 60947-5-2:2007 + A1:2012 IEC 60947-5-2:2007 + A1:2012

cULus Listed, General Purpose cCSAus Listed, General Purpose CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V



Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

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Electrical Connection



Safety Information



To guarantee that the sensor is impermeable, the cap nut for the cable gland is fitted with a defined torque at the factory. This torque must not be changed by the user. Otherwise, the impermeability of the sensor is not guaranteed and any guarantee or warranty claims on behalf of the user are void.

Function

An ultrasonic thru-beam sensor always consists of one emitter and one receiver. The functional principle of ultrasonic thru-beam sensors is based on the transmission of sound from the emitter to the receiver being interrupted by the object to be detected (obstacle).

The emitter generates an ultrasonic signal, which is analyzed by the receiver. If the ultrasonic signal is dampened or interrupted by the object to be detected, the receiver trips.

The emitter and the receiver do not have to be electrically connected.

Ultrasonic thru-beam sensors function regardless of their installation position. However, in order to avoid a build-up of dirt particles, it is recommended to install the emitter facing downwards if fitted vertically.

Commissioning and parameterization

On delivery, the receiver is preconfigured for a distance between the emitter and receiver of 300 mm. If the ultrasonic thru-beam sensor is to be used for other distances, a Teach-in must be performed.

Teach-in

- 1. Install the emitter and receiver for the ultrasonic thru-beam sensor at the required distance.
- 2. Align the emitter and receiver accurately with one another and fix the devices in place.
- 3. Remove all objects between the emitter and the receiver.
- Connect the Teach-in input on the receiver to -U_B for at least 2 seconds. The receiver now detects the signal level in the clearance distance between the two units.
- 5. Position the obstacle to be detected at the required distance in the path of the ultrasonic signal.
- 6. Connect the Teach-in input on the receiver to +U_B for at least 2 seconds. The receiver now detects the signal level in the clearance distance between the two devices, which is dampened, and detects the optimum signal threshold. The signal threshold is now stored in the receiver in nonvolatile form.
- 7. Disconnect the receiver Teach-in input from $+U_{\rm B}$.

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