

Operating instructions Control monitor for flow sensors

CE

e**fectorado** SR5906



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1 Preliminary note

1.1 Explanation of symbols

- Instruction
- > Reaction, result
- \rightarrow Cross-reference
- Important note:

Non-compliance can result in malfunctions or interference.

- LED lights green
- LED lights orange

LED lights red

LED flashes

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2 Safety instructions

- Please read this document prior to set-up of the unit. Ensure that the product is suitable for your application without any restrictions.
- If the operating instructions or the technical data are not adhered to, personal injury and/or damage to property can occur.
- Improper or non-intended use may lead to malfunctions of the unit or to unwanted effects in your application. That is why installation, electrical connection, set-up, operation and maintenance of the unit must only be carried out by qualified personnel authorised by the machine operator.
- In order to guarantee the correct condition of the device for the operating time it is necessary to use the device only for media to which the wetted materials are sufficiently resistant (→ Technical data).
- The responsibility whether the measurement devices are suitable for the respective application lies with the operator. The manufacturer assumes no liability for consequences of misuse by the operator. Improper installation and use of the devices result in a loss of the warranty claims.
- Protect the units and the cables efficiently against damage.

3 Functions and features

The control monitor is designed for the connection of flow sensors of type SFxxxx. It evaluates the sensor signals and indicates whether a preset flow value has been reached.

- Output closed if medium is flowing / output open if no medium is flowing. This applies to the unit on delivery: output = normally open. In case of need you can change the output to normally closed (→ 8.2). It then applies: output open if medium is flowing.
- If the flow speed increases, the switching status changes when the switch point is reached.
- If the flow speed falls again, the switching status changes when the value "SP minus hysteresis" is reached.

The hysteresis is considerably influenced by the set monitoring range and it changes with the flow velocity (the higher the flow velocity the higher the hysteresis).

The response time of the unit is max. 1...10 s. It can be influenced by the setting of the switch point:

- Low switch point = quick reaction with rising flow.
- High switch point = quick reaction with falling flow.

4 Installation



- ► Attach the control monitor to the flow sensor (1).
- ► Tighten the coupling nut (2).

The flow sensor must be directly connected to the control monitor. A connection by means of extension cables is not allowed.

4.1 Mounting of the sensors

- Adhere to the notes in the installation instructions enclosed to the sensor.
- Adhere to the following notes on the installation location:



Components integrated in the pipes, bends, valves, reductions, etc. lead to turbulence of the medium. This affects the function of the unit.

Recommendation: Adhere to the distances between sensor and sources of interference:



D = pipe diameter; S = sources of interference

5 Electrical connection

The unit must be connected by a qualified electrician.

The national and international regulations for the installation of electrical equipment must be adhered to.

For the scope of validity cULus:

The Sensor shall be connected only by using any R/C (CYJV2) cord, having suitable ratings.

Caution: For the output circuit the same protective measures as for the supply circuit must be taken.

Insert a miniature fuse according to IEC60127-2 Sheet 1 (\leq 5 A fast acting).

The permissible potential difference between supply and output circuit is max. 300 V.

Disconnect power.

Connect the unit as follows:



A: supply circuit

B: output circuit

ifm-sockets are available as accessories: Order no. E11248, E11249, E11250, E11251

6 Operating and display elements



1: Operation display

- The green LEDs indicate the current flow (the LEDs 0 to 9 represent the range between no flow and maximum flow).
- A lighting LED indicates the position of the switch point (orange = output closed, red = output open).

2, 3: Setting buttons for adjustment and configuration

7 Set-up

For the set-up, high-flow and low-flow adjustment have to be carried out.

7.1 High-flow adjustment

- ► Let the normal flow circulate in the installation.
- Switch on the supply voltage.
- > All LEDs light and go out again step by step. During this time the output is closed (if configured as normally open). The unit is in the operating mode.
- Press the pushbutton > and keep it pressed.
- > LED 9 lights, after approx. 5 s it flashes.
- ► Release the pushbutton.

7.2 Low-flow adjustment

Note: The low-flow adjustment has to be made after the high-flow adjustment.

- ► Let the minimum flow circulate in the installation or ensure flow standstill.
- \blacktriangleright Press the pushbutton <a> and keep it pressed.
- > LED 0 lights, after approx. 5 s it flashes.
- Release the pushbutton. The unit adopts the new value and passes into the operating mode.

The unit is now adapted to your flow conditions.

> For normal flow the display should now show example 1.



7.3 Error during adjustment

If no adjustment is possible, all LEDs flash red. The unit then passes into the operating mode with unchanged values.

Possible cause /aid:

Error during installation of the flow sensor.	 Read chapter 4.1. Check whether all requirements have been met.
The difference between maximum flow and minimum flow is too small.	Increase the flow difference and carry out the adjustment once again.
The sequence high-flow /low-flow adjust- ment was not adhered to.	Carry out the two adjustment operations again in the right sequence.

8 Additional settings (optional)

8.1 Change the switch point

For the factory setting the switch point is at LED 7. A change makes sense if:

- The flow fluctuates much or pulsates.
- If a faster response time of the unit is requested (low switch point = fast response with rising flow, high switch point = fast response with falling flow).
- ▶ Briefly press the pushbutton \triangleleft or ▶.
- > The switch point LED flashes.

Note: If no pushbutton is pressed for 2 s, the unit returns to the operating mode with the newly set value.

8.2 Configure the switching output

The unit is delivered as normally open. In case of need you can change the output to normally closed:

- ▶ Press the pushbutton \triangleleft at least for 15 s.
- > LED 0 lights, after approx. 5 s it flashes.
- > After 10 s the current setting is displayed: LEDs 5...9 light orange (= output normally open).
- > After approx. 15 s LEDs 0...4 flash orange.
- Release the pushbutton. The output is changed to normally closed operation. For a new changeover: repeat the operation.

8.3 Lock / unlock the unit

The unit can be locked electronically to prevent unintentional settings.

- Press both setting pushbuttons simultaneously for at least 10 s in the operating mode.
- > The indication goes out, the unit locks or unlocks.

On delivery: unlocked.

9 Operation

After every power on all LEDs light and go out again step by step (during this time the output is closed if configured as normally open). The unit is then ready for operation.

In case of power failure or interruption all settings remain.

Operating indicators		
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Green LED bar: current flow within the representa- tion range. Indication of the switch point (SP): - LED orange: output closed. - LED red: output open.	
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	LED 9 flashes: current flow above the representation range.	
	LED 0 flashes: current flow far below the represen- tation range.	
Interference indicators		
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Short circuit at the switching output: Operating indicator and red LEDs light alternately. If the short circuit has been rectified, the unit imme- diately passes into the normal operating state. The current operating state is displayed.	
	Wire break or short circuit of the sensor cable: LEDs flash orange.	
Display OFF (no LED lights):	Operating voltage too low (< 50 V) or failed.▶ Ensure a correct voltage supply.	

10 Technical Data

Technical data and scale drawing at www.ifm.com.

11 Maintenance

Recommended maintenance:

- Check the sensor tip for build-up from time to time.
- Clean it using a soft cloth. Stubborn build-up (e.g. lime) can be removed using a common vinegar cleaning agent.