EZ-BEAM® M18 Series Sensor



Datasheet

Stainless steel 18 mm barrel-style DC photoelectric sensor



- 18 mm threaded-barrel sensor
- 10 V DC to 30 V DC; choose SPDT (complementary) NPN or PNP outputs (150 mA maximum, each)
- · Easy to use; no adjustments are necessary
- Advanced self-diagnostics with separate alarm output (U.S. patent 5087838 (see Specifications)); dual LED system indicates sensor performance
- Choice of integral cable or Euro-style quick disconnect connector
- Completely epoxy-encapsulated to provide superior durability, designed to meet rigorous IP69K standards for use in high pressure washdowns
- · Brackets available for a wide array of mounting options



• Do

- Do not use this device for personnel protection
 - Using this device for personnel protection could result in serious injury or death.
- This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A device failure or malfunction can cause either an energized (on) or deenergized (off) output condition.

Models



| M18 Series Opposed-Mode Emitter (E) and Receiver (R) | | | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Models (Infrared, 950 nm) | Range | Cable | Output Type |
| M186E | | 2 m (6.5 ft) | |
| M186EQ | | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | - |
| M18SN6R | 00 m (66 ft) | 2 m (6.5 ft) | NDN |
| M18SN6RQ | 20 m (66 ft) | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | NPN |
| M18SP6R | | 2 m (6.5 ft) | DND |
| M18SP6RQ | | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | PNP |

Standard 2 m (6.5 ft) cable models are listed. To order the 9 m (30 ft) cable model, add suffix "W/30" (M18SN6R W/30). Models with a QD connector require a mating cable.

| M18 Series Retroreflective Mode | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Models | Range | Cable | Output Type |
| | Non-Polarized (Inf | rared, 950 nm) | |
| M18SN6L | | 2 m (6.5 ft) | NDN |
| M18SN6LQ | 0 m (70 in) | 4-Pin M/12Euro-style QD | NPN |
| M18SP6L | 2 m (79 in) | 2 m (6.5 ft) | PNP |
| M18SP6LQ | | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | PNP |
| | Polarized (Visible | red, 680 nm) | |



| M18 Series Retroreflective Mode | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Models | Range | Cable | Output Type |
| M18SN6LP | 2 m (79 in) | 2 m (6.5 ft) | NDN |
| M18SN6LPQ | | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | NPN |
| M18SP6LP | | 2 m (6.5 ft) | PNP |
| M18SP6LPQ | | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | FNP |

| M18 Series Diffuse Mode (Infrared, 880 nm) | | | | |
|--|----------------|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| Models | Range | Cable | Output Type | |
| | 100 | mm Range | | |
| M18SN6D | 100 mm (4 in) | 2 m (6.5 ft) | NDN | |
| M18SN6DQ | | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | NPN | |
| M18SP6D | | 2 m (6.5 ft) | | |
| M18SP6DQ | | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | PNP | |
| | 300 | mm Range | | |
| M18SN6DL | 300 mm (12 in) | 2 m (6.5 ft) | | |
| M18SN6DLQ | | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | NPN | |
| M18SP6DL | | 2 m (6.5 ft) | PNP | |
| M18SP6DLQ | | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | | |

| | M18 Fixed-F | ield Mode | |
|--------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Models | Cutoff Point | Cable | Output Type |
| | with 25 mm fa | r limit cutoff | |
| M18SN6FF25 | | 2 m (6.5 ft) | NPN |
| M18SN6FF25Q | 25 mm (1 in) | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | |
| M18SP6FF25 | 23 mm (1 m) | 2 m (6.5 ft) | PNP |
| M18SP6FF25Q | | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | |
| | with 50 mm fa | r limit cutoff | |
| M18SN6FF50 | | 2 m (6.5 ft) | NPN |
| M18SN6FF50Q | 50 mm (2 in) | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | |
| M18SP6FF50 | 50 mm (2 m) | 2 m (6.5 ft) | PNP |
| M18SP6FF50Q | | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | PNP |
| | with 100 mm fa | ar limit cutoff | |
| M18SN6FF100 | | 2 m (6.5 ft) | NDN |
| M18SN6FF100Q | 100 mm (4 in) | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | NPN |
| M18SP6FF100 | 100 mm (4 in) | 2 m (6.5 ft) | PNP |
| M18SP6FF100Q | | 4-Pin M12/Euro-style QD | |

M18 Fixed-Field Sensor Setup Tips

For highest sensitivity, the sensor-to-object distance should be such that the object will be sensed at or near the point of maximum excess gain.

The background must be beyond the cutoff distance. Following these two guidelines makes it possible to detect objects of low reflectivity, even against close-in reflective backgrounds.

In the drawings and discussion, E, R1, and R2 identify how the sensor's three optical elements (Emitter "E", Near Detector "R1", and Far Detector "R2") line up across the face of the sensor. In Figure 2 on p. 3, Figure 3 on p. 3, and Figure 4 on p. 3, these elements align vertically. In Figure 5 on p. 3, the elements align horizontally.

Note how the position of the tabs on the front of the sensor helps to define the sensing axis of the sensor (Sensing Axis). The sensing axis becomes important in situations like those illustrated in Figure 4 on p. 3 and Figure 5 on p. 3.

As a general rule, the most reliable sensing of an object approaching from the side occurs when the line of approach is parallel to the sensing axis.



Background Reflectivity and Placement. Avoid mirror-like backgrounds that produce specular reflections. False sensor response will occur if a background surface reflects the sensor's light more strongly to the near detector (R1) than to the far detector (R2). The result is a false ON condition (Figure 2 on p. 3). Use of a diffusely-reflective (matte) background will cure this problem. Other possible solutions are to either angle the sensor or angle the background (in any plane) so that the background does not reflect back to the sensor (Figure 3 on p. 3).

An object beyond the cutoff distance, either moving or stationary (and when positioned as shown in Figure 4 on p. 3), can cause unwanted triggering of the sensor because it reflects more light to the near detector than to the far detector. Remedy the problem easily by rotating the sensor 90° (Figure 5 on p. 3) to align the sensing axis horizontally. The object then reflects the R1 and R2 fields equally, resulting in no false triggering. A better solution, if possible, may be to reposition the object or the sensor.

Unwanted triggering of the sensor from an object beyond the cutoff can also be caused by attempting to sense a small object moving perpendicular to the sensor face, or by an object moving through the off-center position shown. Making the object larger, centering the sensor relative to the object, or rotating the sensor to place the sensing axis perpendicular to the longer dimension of the object (Figure 5 on p. 3) will solve the problem.



Wiring Connections

Standard Connection for Attached Cable and Quick Disconnect (QD) Models



bn (1)

Figure 6. Sensors with NPN (Sinking) Outputs

Figure 7. Sensors with PNP (Sourcing) Outputs

4. black



Alarm Connection for Attached Cable and Quick Disconnect Models



Figure 10. Sensors with NPN (Sinking) Outputs



Figure 12. Emitter with Quick Disconnect



Figure 11. Sensors with PNP (Sourcing) Outputs



Figure 13. 4-pin M12/Euro-style male QD

1. brown 2. white

3. blue 4. black

Specifications

Supply Voltage

10 to 30 V DC (10% maximum ripple)

Supply Current (Exclusive of Load Current)

Diffuse: 25 mA Fixed-field: 35 mA Opposed Mode Emitters: 25 mA Opposed Mode Receivers: 20 mA Retro, Non-polarized: 25 mA Retro, Polarized: 30 mA

Supply Protection Circuitry

Protected against reverse polarity and transient voltages

Configuration

SPDT (complementary) solid-state DC switch; choose NPN (current sinking) or PNP (current sourcing) models.

Light operate: Normally open output conducts when the sensor sees its own (or the emitter's) modulated light

Dark operate: Normally closed output conducts when the sensor sees dark; the normally closed output may be wired as a normally open alarm output, depending upon connection to the power supply (U.S. patent 5087838)

Output Rating

150 mA maximum (each) in standard wiring; When wired for alarm output, the total load may not exceed 150 mA

OFF-State Leakage Current: < 1 microamp at 30 V DC ON-State Saturation Voltage: < 1V at 10 mA dc; < 1.5 V at 150 mA DC

Indicators

Two LEDs (green and yellow) Green solid: power to sensor is ON Green flashing: output is overloaded Amber solid: normally open output is conducting Amber flashing: excess gain marginal (1-1.5×) in light condition

Construction

Housings: Stainless Steel Lenses: Lexan® (opposed models) or acrylic

Connections

2 m (6.5 ft) unterminated 4-wire PVC cable, 9 m (30 ft) unterminated 4-wire PVC cable, or Integral 4-pin M12/Euro-style male quick disconnect

Output Protection Circuitry

Protected against false pulse on power-up and continuous overload or short circuit of outputs

Output Response Time

Opposed mode: 3 milliseconds ON, 1.5 milliseconds OFF Polarized Retro, Non-polarized Retro, Fixed-field, and Diffuse: 3 milliseconds ON and OFF NOTE: 100 millisecond delay on power-up; outputs do not conduct during

this time

Repeatability

Opposed mode: 375 microseconds Polarized Retro, Non-Polarized Retro, Fixed-field and Diffuse modes: 750

microseconds Repeatability and response are independent of signal strength

Rating

Leakproof design rated NEMA 6P, IP69K* (DIN 40050)

Vibration and Mechanical Shock

All models meet Mil. Std. 202F requirements.

Method 201A (Vibration; frequency 10 to 60 Hz, max., double amplitude 0.06" acceleration 10G).

Method 213B conditions H&I (Shock: 75G with unit operating; 100G for nonoperation)

Cabled models meet IP69K if the cable is protected from highpressure spray

Dimensions





(3.30 in)

Figure 15. Models with 4-pin M12/Euro-style Quick Disconnect

78.0 mm*

[3.07"]

Yellow LED

output indicator

Performance Curves

The excess gain curves above show excess gain vs. sensing distance for M18 Series fixed-field sensors with 25-, 50- and 100millimeter cutoffs. Maximum excess gain for the 25-mm models occurs at a lens-to-object distance of about 7 mm; for the 50-mm models, at about 10 mm; and for the 100-mm models, at about 20 mm. Sensing at or near these distances will make maximum use of each sensor's available sensing power. Backgrounds and background objects must always be placed beyond the cutoff distance.

These excess gain curves were generated using a white test card of 90% reflectance. Objects with reflectivity of less than 90% reflect less light back to the sensor, and thus require proportionately more excess gain in order to be sensed with the same reliability as more reflective objects. When sensing an object of very low reflectivity, it may be important to sense it at or near the distance of maximum excess gain.

The effects of object reflectivity on cutoff distance, though small, may be important for some applications. Sensing of objects of less than 90% reflectivity causes the cutoff distances to be "pulled" slightly closer to the sensor. For example, an excess gain of 1 for an object that reflects 1/10 as much light as the 90% white card is represented by the heavy horizontal graph line at excess gain = 10. An object of this reflectivity results in far limit cutoffs of approximately 20, 40 and 70 mm (for 25-, 50- and 100-mm cutoff models, respectively).

Objects with reflectivity greater than 90% return more light to the sensor. For this reason, highly reflective backgrounds or background objects such as mirrors, polished metal, and other sources of specular reflections require special consideration. To use a highly reflective background, place it as far beyond the cutoff distance as possible and angle it to direct reflected light away from the sensor.

Operating Conditions -40 °C to +70 °C (-40 °F to +158 °F) 90% at +50 °C maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)

Green LED

power indicator









Accessories

Cordsets

| 4-Pin Threaded M12/Euro-Style Cordsets—Single Ended | | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Model | Length | Style | Dimensions | Pinout (Female) |
| MQDC-406 | 2 m (6.56 ft) | | Straight | |
| MQDC-415 | 5 m (16.4 ft) | | | |
| MQDC-430 | 9 m (29.5 ft) | Straight | | |
| MQDC-450 | 15 m (49.2 ft) | | M12 x 1 — ∅ 14.5 — | |
| MQDC-406RA | 2 m (6.56 ft) | | 32 Typ [1.26"] | 4 - 3 |
| MQDC-415RA | 5 m (16.4 ft) | | | |
| MQDC-430RA | 9 m (29.5 ft) | | | 1 = Brown |
| MQDC-450RA | 15 m (49.2 ft) | Right-Angle | M12 x 1 − + − + − + | 2 = White 3 = Blue 4 = Black |

Mounting Brackets

All measurements are listed in millimeters, unless noted otherwise.



SMB30SK

- Flat-mount swivel bracket with extended range of motion
- Black reinforced thermoplastic polyester and 316 stainless steel
- Stainless steel swivel locking hardware included



Hole size: A = Ø 7, B = Ø 18

Aperture Kits

NOTE: Aperture adds 3/16" to sensor length.



AP18SC

Kit includes round apertures of 0.5 mm (0.02 in), 1.0 mm (0.04 in), and 2.5 mm (0.10 in) diameter. Each kit also includes a thread-on aperture housing, a Teflon FEP[®] lens, and two 0-rings. Used with S18, M18.



AP18SR

Kit includes rectangular apertures of 0.5 mm (0.02 in) wide, 1.0 mm (0.04 in) wide, and 2.5 mm (0.10 in) wide. Each kit also includes a thread-on aperture housing, a Teflon FEP[®] lens, and two 0-rings. Used with S18, M18.

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